

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE IN MYSORE,
BANGALORE.

Statement of wholesale and retail prices in Bangalore City for week ending Saturday the 17th May 1980:—

Food articles	Quality	Seers	Lbs. per bag	Rate		Market report	Retail prices
				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		
Food grains and Pulses—							
Rice	Guntoor per palla	100	246	17 0 0	to 21 0 0	..	4½ to 5½ seers per rupee.
	Pattasamanahalli	..	..	..	..	..	5½ "
	Senna per palla	100	246	17 0 0	..	..	5½ "
	Dharapur	100	246	17 8 0	to 18 0 0	..	6 to 6½ "
	Mysore Kaddi	100	246	15 8 0	to 16 0 0	..	5 to 6 "
	Atubbain	100	246	16 3 0	to 19 0 0	..	..
Ragi	Duyam (Black) per cart load	640	..	47 0 0	to 49 0 0	..	12 to 13 "
	Superior (Red)	640	..	49 0 0	to 51 0 0	..	5½ to 6½ "
Tur	Gulberga	..	..	..	..	..	4 to 5 "
Tur (Dal)	..	..	..	..	..	..	4½ to 5½ "
Avare	..	..	..	..	..	..	3½ to 4½ "
Avare (Dal)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oils and oil seeds—							
Oils	Sweet oil	..	25½	3 0 0	..	..	0-2-6 per seer.
	Castor oil	..	28	5 12 0	..	..	0-2-4 "
Oil seeds	Gingelly or Til seed	..	..	..	..	..	..
	per candy	255	..	4 0 0	to 40 0 0	..	..
	Castor seed	255	..	29 0 0	to 31 0 0	..	..
Other Food Articles—							
Sugar	White Bura	..	25	3 6 0	to 3 7 0	..	0-6-0 to 0-7-0
	Kolar Bura	..	25	3 5 0	..	..	per viss.
Jaggery	Achu	..	28	2 0 0	to 2 8 0	..	0-4-0 to 0-5-0
	Oonds	..	28	2 0 0	to 2 4 0	..	per viss.
Rheo	Superior (Mandya)	..	26½	23 0 0	to 25 0 0	..	2-14-0 to 3-2-0
Salt	Bombay Salt (Black)	100	..	6 8 0	..	..	per viss.
						..	15 seers per rupee.

BANGALORE,
Dated 19th May 1930.

H. K. KAMIENGAR,
For *Director*.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF HEALTH IN MYSORE, BANGALORE. For Director
NOTE ON THE STATE OF PUBLIC HEALTH IN MYSORE.

NOTE ON THE STATE OF PUBLIC HEALTH IN MYSORE, FOR THE WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 17TH MAY 1930.

A total of one attack with one death from plague was returned during the week against 10 attacks with 7 deaths in the previous week. All the Districts remained free from the disease except Kadur. The Cities of Bangalore and Mysore and the Kolar Gold Field area continued to remain free from the disease.

2. Comparative figures for the corresponding week for the State were 4 attacks with 2 deaths in 1928 and 29 attacks with 23 deaths in 1929.

3. Five attacks with 2 deaths from cholera were returned for one village in Holalkere Taluk.

4. One attack with one death from Influenza was returned for the City of Mysore.

5. The State continued to remain free from relapsing fever.

6. A total of 25 attacks with 9 deaths from small-pox was returned for one village in each of Koratagere and Chikmagalur Taluks and Saklespur, Chikmagalur, Narasimharajapur and Bhadravati Towns including Bangalore and Mysore Cities and the Kolar Gold Field area.

7. The total mortality for Bangalore City amounted to 83, representing a calculated annual ratio of 37.25 per mille of population against the average ratio of 32.36 in 1928. Classified according to causes, the deaths numbered 2 under small-pox, 8 under pneumonia, 3 under broncho pneumonia, 2 under typhoid, 3 under malaria, 5 under phthisis, 4 under other fevers, 7 under dysentery and diarrhoea and 44 under all other causes.

As compared with the City, the Civil and Military Station returned 66 deaths for the week ending 11th May 1930, representing a calculated annual ratio of 58·08 per mille of population against the ratio of 30·71 in the previous week. The causes of death were—small-pox 1, typhoid 1, malaria 2, other fevers 4, dysentery and diarrhoea 4, pneumonia 5, broncho pneumonia 11, phthisis 4 and all other causes 34.

8. The total mortality for Mysore City for the week was 56, representing a calculated annual ratio of 34.80 per mille of population against the average ratio of 33.51 for 1928. The causes of death were—small-pox 1, pneumonia 4, broncho pneumonia 1, malaria 4, phthisis nil, other fevers 1, dysentery and diarrhoea 8, and all other causes 37.

9. There were 33 deaths from all causes reported from the Kolar Gold Field area equivalent to a calculated annual ratio of 19.57 per mille of population against the average ratio of 24.31 for 1928. The causes of death were pyrexia 1, typhoid 1, malaria 1, dysentery 1, cholera 1, and all other causes 37.